

# Learning from Partners for Prevention Phase One



*Empowered lives.  
Resilient nations.*



PARTNERS FOR PREVENTION. A UNDP, UNFPA, UN WOMEN AND UNV REGIONAL JOINT PROGRAMME FOR GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE PREVENTION IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC



# THE STUDY

**STUDY AIM:** to deepen the understanding of men's use of violence against women in order to prevent it

**6**

**COUNTRIES**

Bangladesh  
Cambodia  
China  
Indonesia  
Papua New Guinea  
Sri Lanka

**9**

**SITES**

**10,178**

**MEN AGED 18-49**

**3,106**

**WOMEN FOR  
VALIDATION**

**Largest cross-country  
comparable dataset on  
male perpetration of  
violence against women  
in Asia-Pacific**

# Know your epidemic

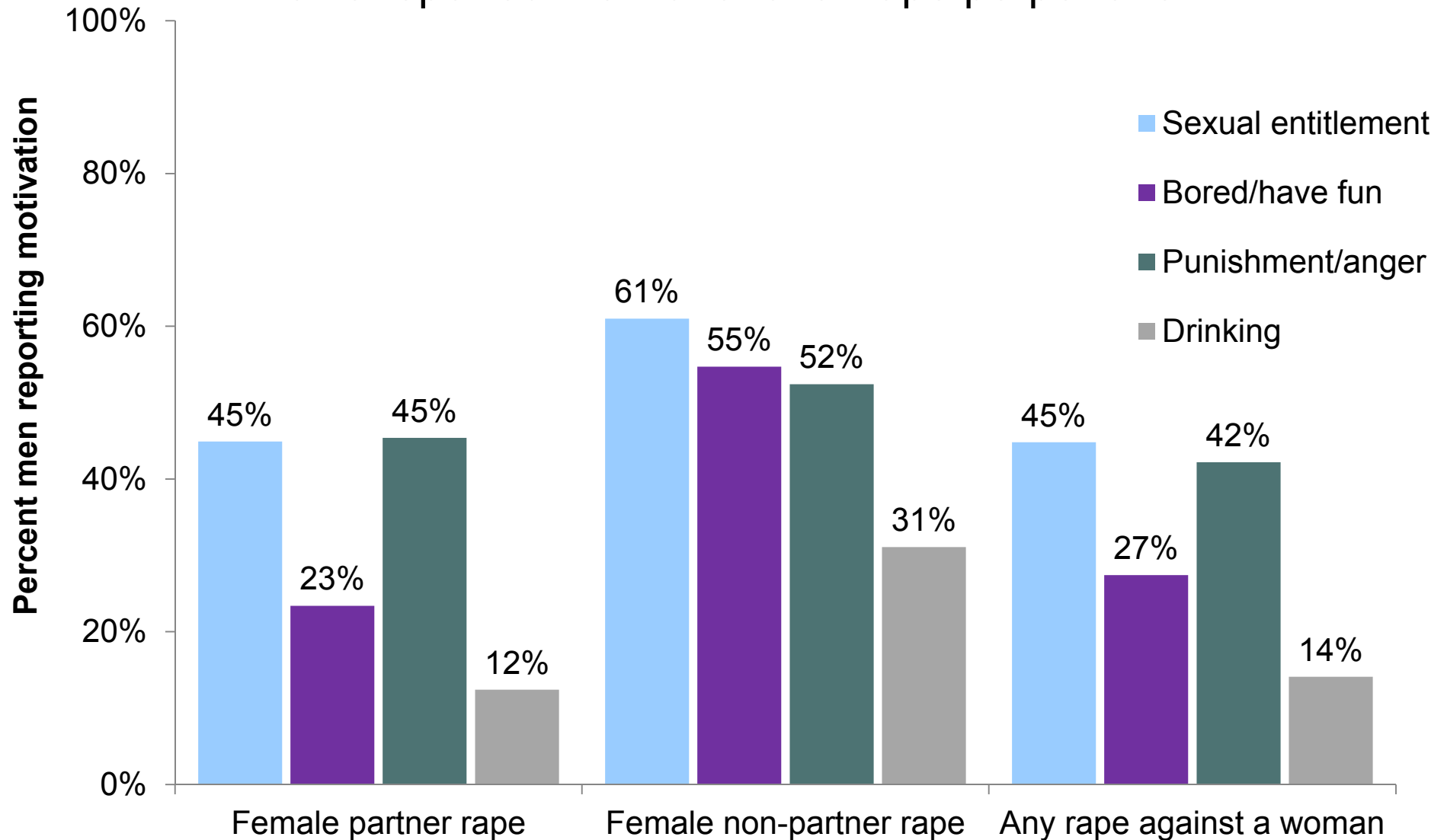
PERCENTAGE OF EVER-PARTNERED MEN REPORTING PERPETRATION OF PHYSICAL AND/OR SEXUAL INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE, BY SITE



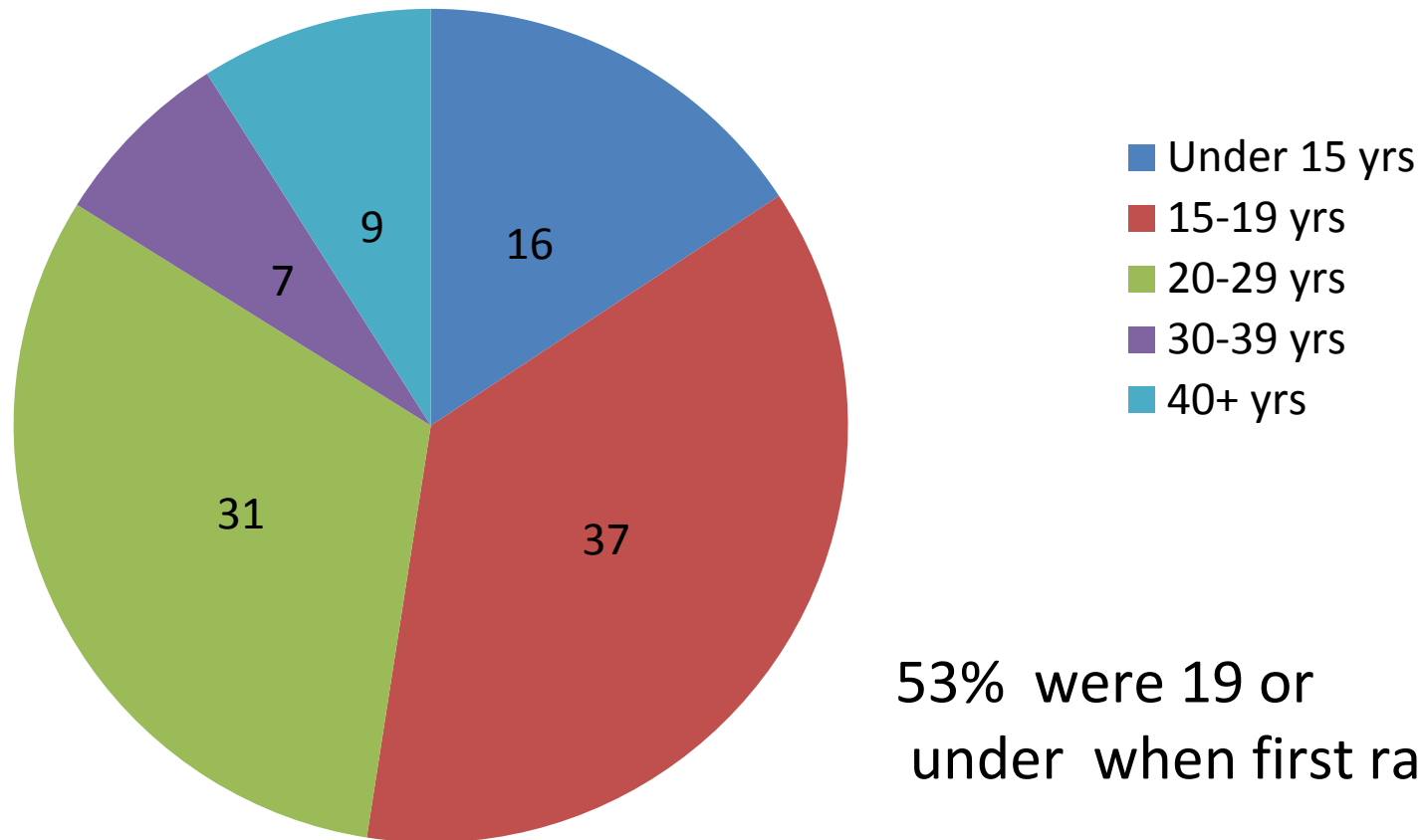
Patterns of partner violence also varied across sites

# The main motivation for rape is sexual entitlement

Men's reported motivations for rape perpetration

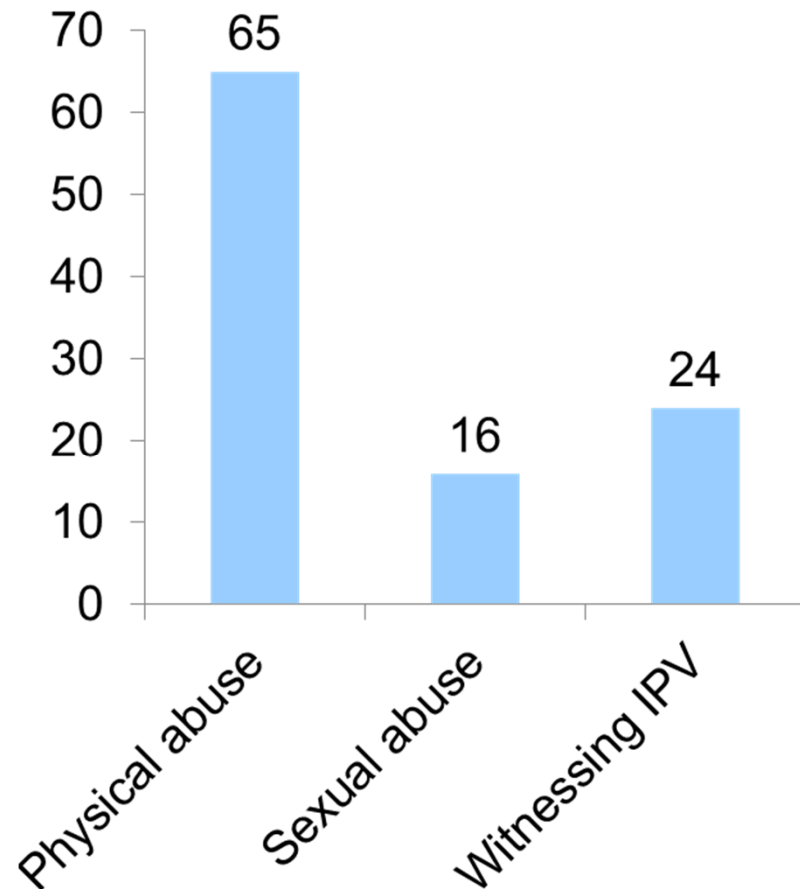


# Age when first raped woman/girl, among men who reported committing rape (n=210)



53% were 19 or under when first raped

# Men's childhood experiences of violence



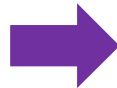
- Men's experiences of abuse during childhood are common
- Men's experiences of abuse are significantly associated with perpetration
- Need to end VAC and nurture health family environments

# 5 Steps for evidence- and theory-based programme planning

STEP 1	STEP 2	STEP 3	STEP 4	STEP 5
<b>Apply Research Findings</b>	<b>Review the Evidence</b>	<b>Apply Theory of Change</b>	<b>Contextualize &amp; Localize</b>	<b>Monitor &amp; Evaluate</b>
Use localized research findings to identify priority changes needed to respond to and prevent future violence.	Use the evidence base of effective programming to choose the intervention models appropriate to your setting and change objectives.	Understand what the programme seeks to change, how this change will be achieved and how long the change can be sustained.	Adapt intervention models to your local context and the on the ground realities to shape the programme design and implementation plan.	Choose an appropriate M&E approach. Take into account your target group, intended outputs and outcome ,staff capacity and financial resources.

# Applying the 5 steps approach

- Low age of rape perpetration
- Motivations: Sexual entitlement & fun
- Perpetration associated with child abuse
- Prevalence of gang rape



## Target Population:

- Young men and women (younger than usually targeted) & parents
- Key influencers of young men and women (parents, teachers, etc.)

## Change Objectives:

- Child protection
- Attitudes related to sexual consent
- Youth empowerment, employment
- **Social norms for manhood & women's roles and choice**



# Transforming social norms

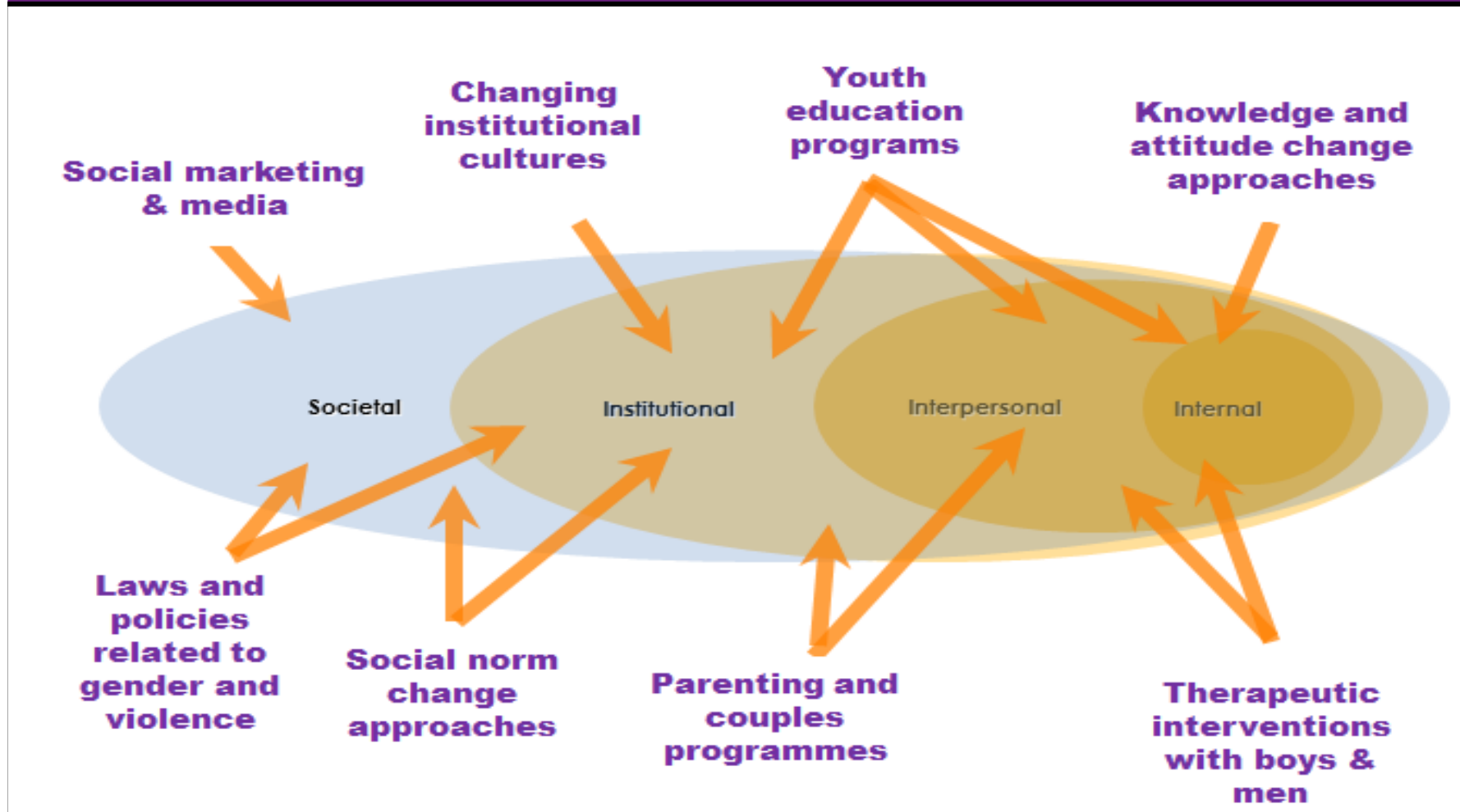
***Evidence of effective projects:***

***Gender-transformative interventions are promising:***

- ✓ address masculinities
- ✓ sustained intensity
- ✓ combined approaches
- ✓ work with different groups



# Transforming masculinities



# Violence is Preventable, and this is how...

- **Know what needs to change:** Address the multiple factors behind violence in different settings
- **Promote projects that work:** adapt evidence based models
- **Coordinate with others:** prevention requires work by many from across the society
- **Make a long term commitment:** social change required for prevention takes time

# Thank you!



[www.partners4prevention.org](http://www.partners4prevention.org)